# What's Medications Got to Do With It?

MEDICATION TRACKING IN PARKINSON'S DISEASE

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#### The Role of Medications

- Currently, medications do not DIRECTLY change the disease course of Parkinson's Disease
- •However, medications can maximize exercise capacity, which **DOES** change the disease!

#### Dopamine Medications in PD

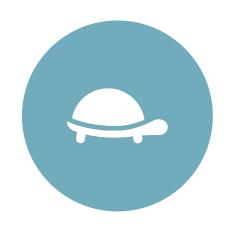
- Carbidopa/levodopa 25/100Rasagiline
- Carbidona (Paraminavalana Charbidona (Praminavalana Charbidona (Sinemet)

  Rytary
- Entacapone

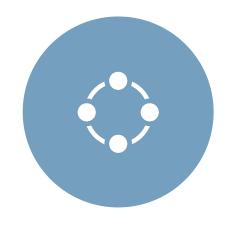
...and more!!

Selegiline

## What are symptoms that respond to dopamine medications?







RIGIDITY (STIFFNESS)



**TREMOR** 

# What are symptoms that do NOT respond to dopamine medications?

Balance

Freezing of gait

Drooling

Cognitive symptoms

Autonomic issues (low blood pressure)

Fatigue/energy levels

Mood symptoms

# What are some side effects of dopamine medications?

 Side effects are usually due to inert carbidopa/levodopa converting to active form OUTSIDE of the brain











Nausea

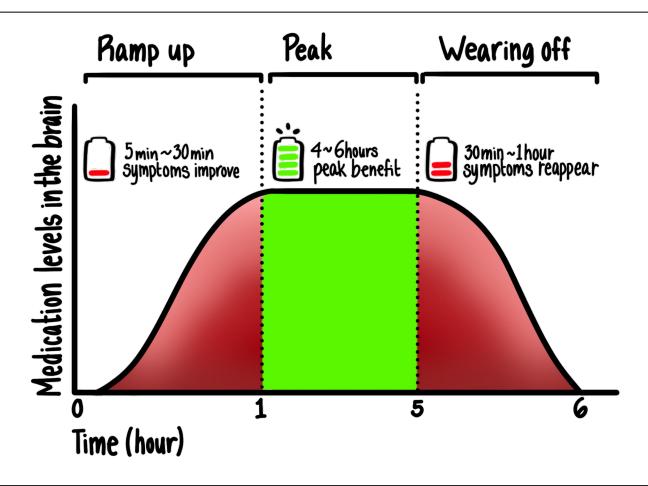
Dizziness/light headedness

Low blood pressure

Flushing

"Not feeling good"

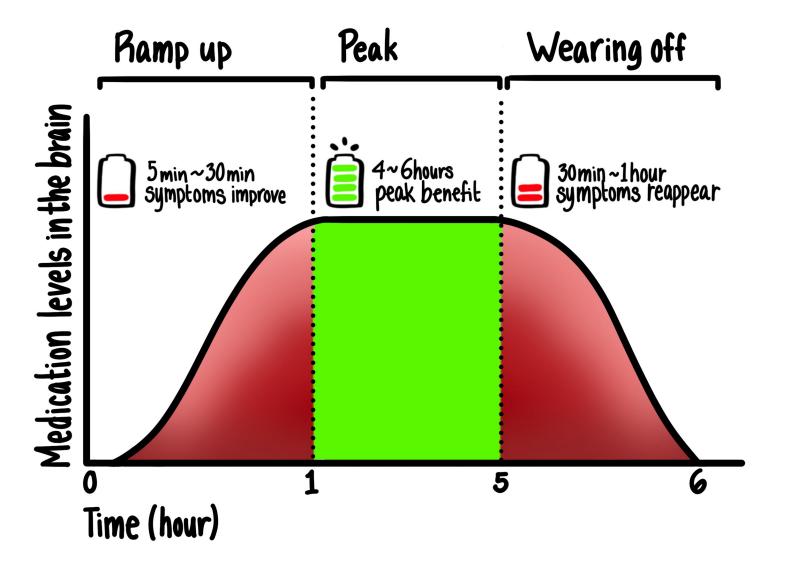
#### Typical Dopamine Curve



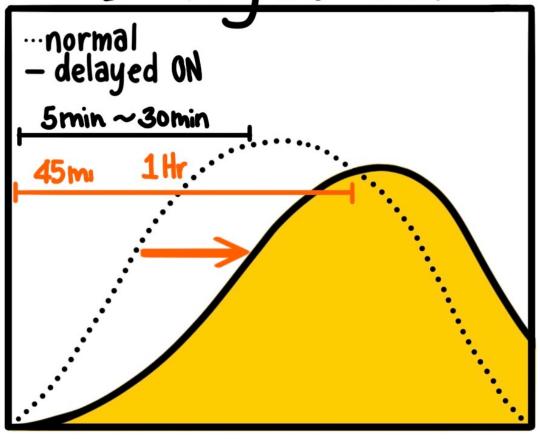
#### Ramping ON

Time it takes for the medicine to be absorbed through the gut and enter the brain!

■5 - 30 minutes



### Delayed ON



- When the ramping ON takes longer than usual
- Questions to know
  - How long is your ramping ON period?
  - •Are there any factors contributing to the delay?
  - •Are you eating food with your dose?

#### Good Benefit!!

The optimal effect of your medication

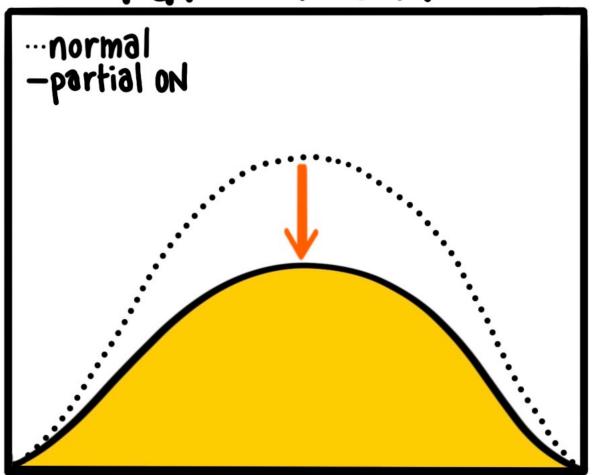
Questions to know:

How good is this benefit? 50%? 90%?

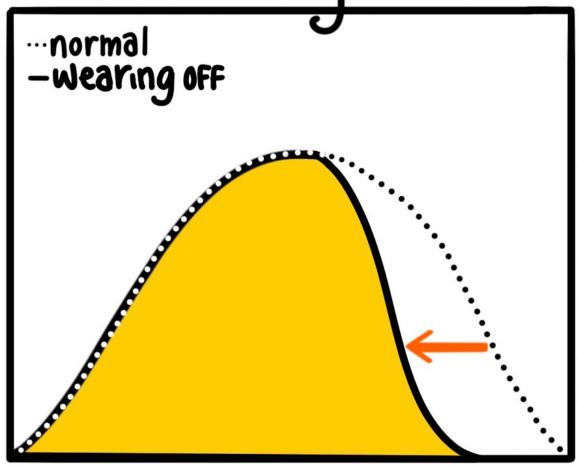
How long does it last for?

Is it consistent with every dose?

## Partial ON

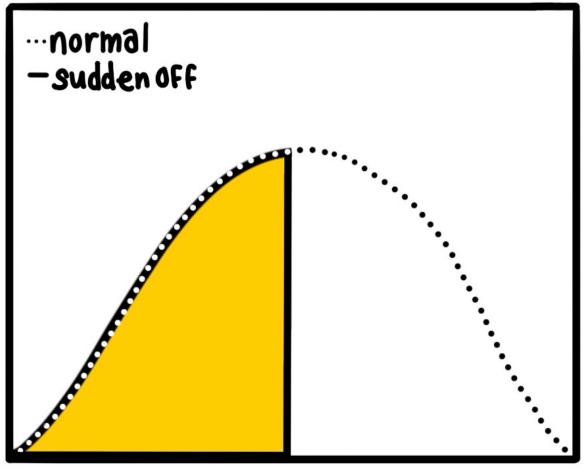


## Wearing Off



- When the medications are leaving your system. Benefit starts to wear off and some symptoms start coming back
- Questions to know
  - When does wearing off start for you?
  - How long is your wearing off period?

## Sudden Off



- When the medications seen to suddenly stop working
- Questions to know
  - •Are there any stressors happening around the same time?
  - Is this happening consistently or randomly?



Now, to throw a monkey wrench into the mix!

#### What about Dyskinesias?

- Dyskinesias are uncontrolled, involuntary movements of the body
- Some descriptors:

The Dancer

The Wiggles

Restless or Listless

Chewing gum



#### Dyskinesia Features

- Cause: Related to the changes of dopamine levels in the brain
- Distribution: can occur in one body part or multiple body parts
- •Involuntary means: patients are not aware of doing it themselves!
- Not painful BUT can interfere with activities
- Not permanent, goes away when dopamine levels stabilize

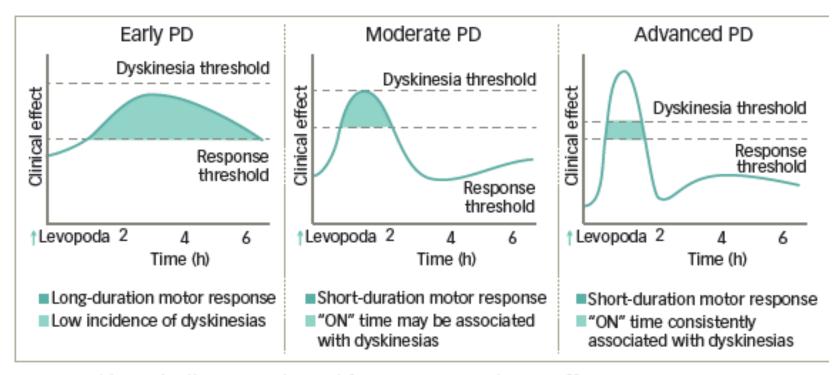


#### When do I get Dyskinesias?

- Peak dose dyskinesia
- Wearing off dyskinesias
- Peak and wearing off dyskinesias
- Stress induced
  - ... Basically, any situation!!

#### Why do I Care?

- This is helpful to guide you and your neurologist in adjustments!
- Response patterns change with disease progression



PD = Parkinson's disease. Adapted from Longo et al., 2011.30



# Thank you and question time!

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